## Sustainable jet fuel for aviation

Welcome remarks: Hans Jørgen Koch, Director NER

Norwegian Research Council, Oslo 1<sup>st</sup> September 2016

## Nordic Energy Research – established 1975

- 1. Platform for cooperative energy research
- 2. Fund R&D to promote sustainable and low-carbon energy solutions
- 3. Contribute to Nordic policymaking
- 4. Conduct energy analysis

### Nordic added value

#### Nordic Energy Technology Perspectives 2016

Cities, flexibility and pathways to carbon-neutrality



iea

What is NETP?

Scenario for an energyefficient and low-carbon Nordic society in 2050.

### NETP 2016 - Three strategic actions

- 1. Incentivise and plan for a more distributed, interconnected and flexible energy system
- 2. Tap into the positive momentum of cities in transport and buildings
- Ramp up decarbonisation of long-distance transport and the industrial sector

### Global and Nordic scenarios in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



In the Carbon-Neutral Scenario (CNS), Nordic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions drop by 85% in 2050 compared with 1990 levels



#### Demand sectors most challenging



#### Long-distance transport





#### Nordic demand for transport biofuels

# 15%

import dependency for biomass in 2050, up from 8% in 2013



#### A doubling of biomass output from Nordic forests is possible

#### Enerwoods project (SES 2050)

#### Actions

#### 1. For national (and Nordic) policy makers

#### 1. Public-private collaboration

#### 2. International collaboration

#### Figure 1. Mapping out the industry commitments



Source: ATAG, 2013

# Welcome

#### Recommendations to national policy makers

- Targeted strategies are needed to kick start and develop a market for sustainable fuel alternatives in the Nordic countries.
- Tie economic benefits to the use of sustainable jet fuel in order to reduce the cost differential.
- Prioritization of national biomass resources into sectors.
- Specific targets for the share of RES in aviation on global, European and Nordic level in order to create streamlined incentive structures.
- Co-processing with existing facilities, especially oil refineries.

#### Enhancing public-private collaboration

- 1. Realize specific production pathways with a strong lead partner.
- 2. Promote collaboration between the forestry industry and R&D institutions to utilize by-products and raw materials.
- 3. Assist start-up companies in the sustainable jet fuel value chain.
- 4. Increase transparency and lower the risk in investing in sustainable business models.
- 5. Explore new, sustainable business models for sustainable jet fuel supply chains to lower risk.
- 6. Loan guarantee mechanism for producers of sustainable jet fuels, in order to secure transition investment capital.

#### Recommendations for international collaboration

- 1. Promote incentive structure for the use of sustainable jet fuel.
- 2. Promote globally applicable standards for sustainability.
- 3. Explore how to develop globally accepted mandatory blending levels.
- 4. Streamline ASTM acceptance processes of new pathways

#### Panelists

- Ove Myrvold, SAS
- Sari Tasa, Finnish Ministry of Economy and Employment
- Olav Mosvold Larsen, Avinor
- Virpi Krøger, Neste Oil
- Anne Grete Holmsgaard, Biorefining Alliance

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