



# Rally to the Valley Establishing Hydrogen Value Chains for the Nordics (Nord\_H2ub)



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# Nordic Hydrogen Valleys as Energy Hubs

## Rally to the Valley

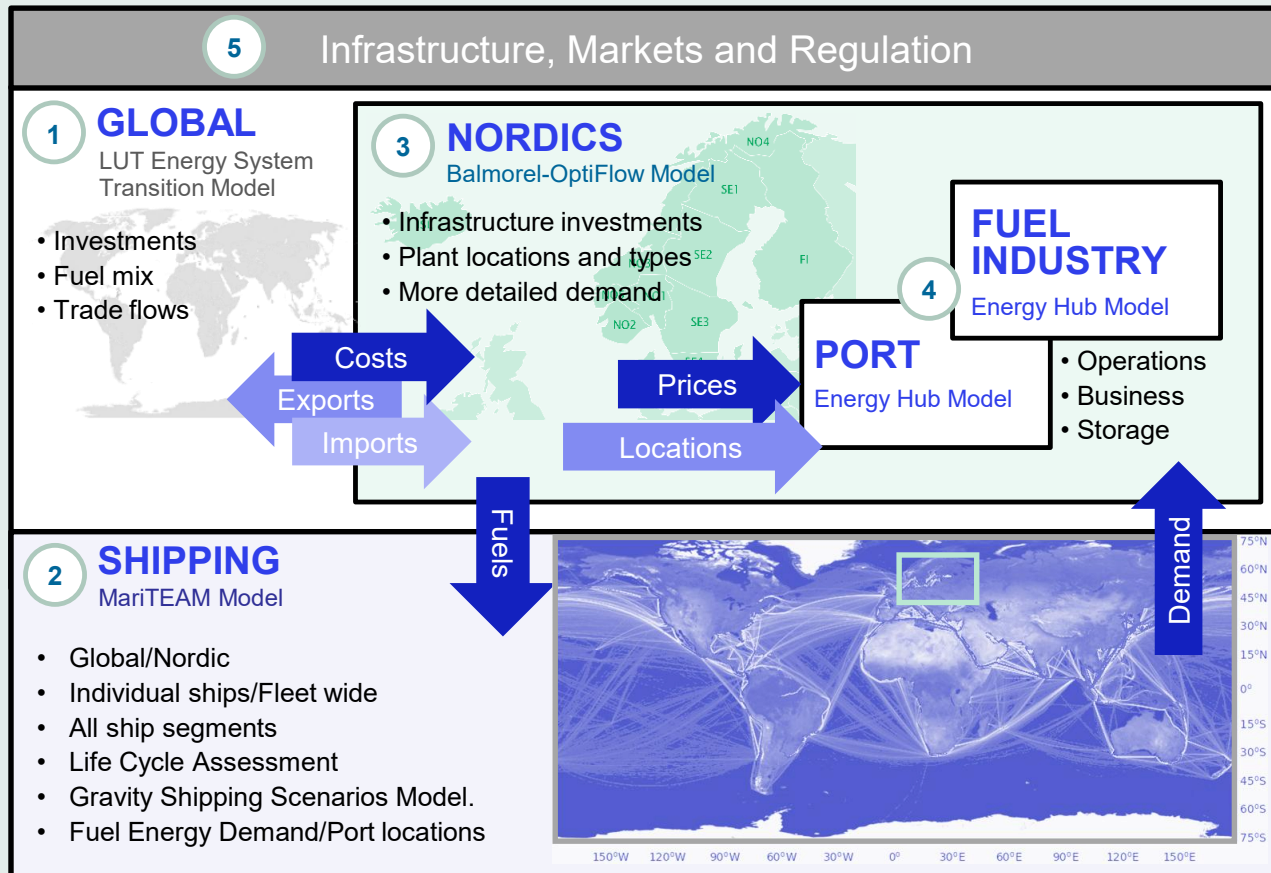
### Establishing Hydrogen Value Chains for the Nordics

# Recommendations & Takeaways

Green fuels require coordinated system transformation

- System Perspective:
  - **PV becomes cost-competitive in the Nordics**, reducing storage needs and fuel costs.
  - Electricity supply, carbon availability, and pricing determine outcomes.
  - Strong demand growth in **maritime & aviation increases decarbonisation challenge**.
  - **European energy security ambitions** create export potential for Nordic synthetic fuels.
  - **Carbon-based fuels outperform pipeline** transport of hydrogen (except for hydrogen from Denmark).
- Maritime & Transport Perspective:
  - **Emission pricing drives fuel choice**: electrification for short, synthetic fuels for long distances.
  - Aligned maritime **regulation should prioritise defossilisation** over offsetting and CCS.
  - E-Kerosene becomes competitive by 2040–50 (with pricing); e-H<sub>2</sub> remains costly.
- Infrastructure and Economic Regulation
  - Green fuels not yet cost-competitive → require policy support.
  - Defossilisation requires **coordinated scale-up** of fuels, infrastructure, and propulsion technologies.
  - Policies should **prioritise low-cost renewables, clean power supply, and carbon sourcing**.

# Hydrogen value chains focusing on the maritime sector



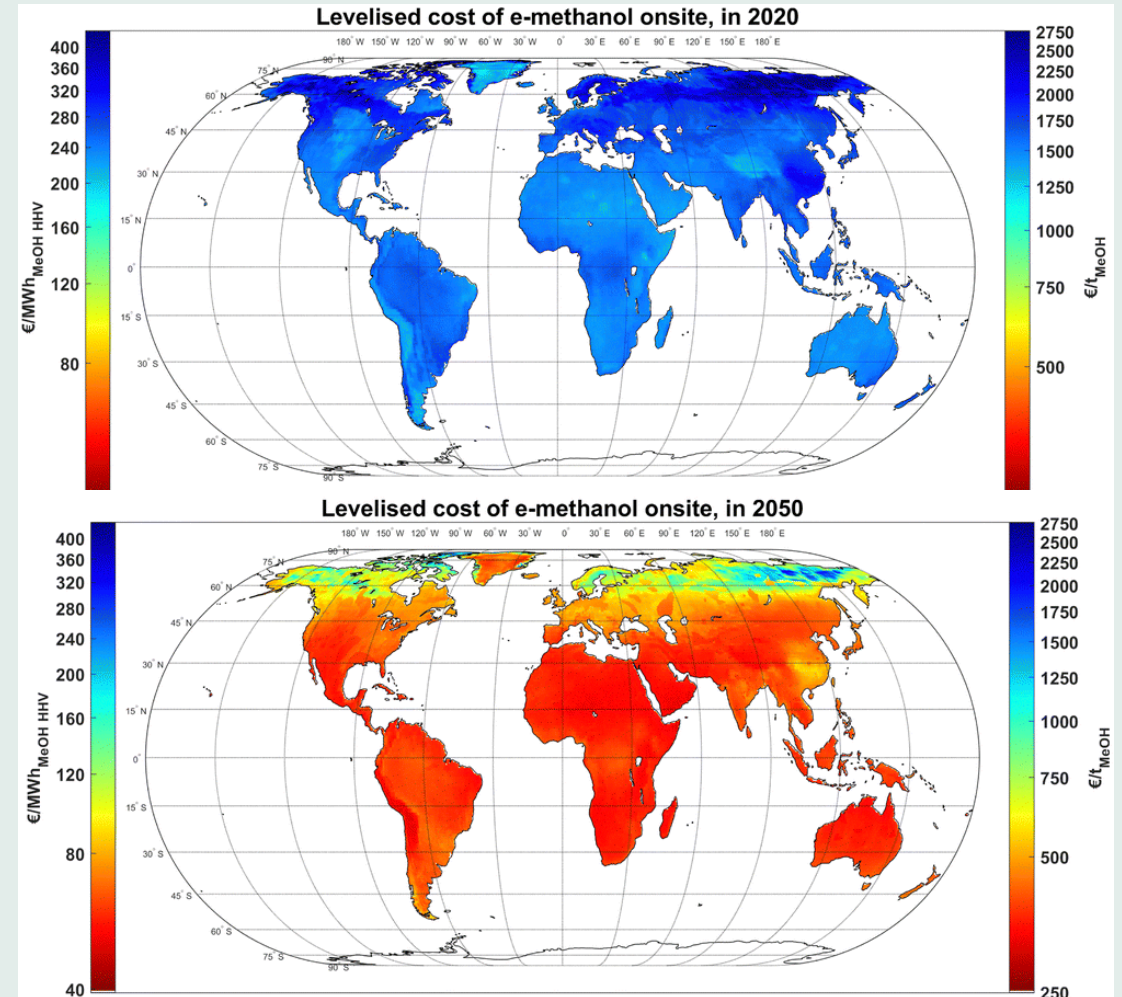
1. The **current use of hydrogen** must become renewable.
2. The (long-haul) **maritime sector** is a potential application area due to the lack of better alternatives. Currently, it remains unclear which fuels will prevail for this.

- WP 1:
- WP 2:
- WP 3:
- WP 4:
- WP 5:

# Nordics with Export Potential

European energy security and system design enable Nordic fuel exports

- Long-term competitiveness of green fuels
  - **PV-dominated** power supply drives cost reduction.
    - PV becomes a viable part in the Nordics.
    - Counterbalancing the seasonality of wind.
  - Green fuel production scales with **low-cost CO<sub>2</sub>** and **CO<sub>2</sub> pricing**.
  - The **Nordics can become a supplier of derivatives for Europe** in case of a focus on Energy Security.
    - Finnish and Swedish sustainable carbon sources.
    - Transport of carbon-based fuels outcompetes pipeline transport to central Europe.
- The analysis addresses:
  - **Trade flows** for hydrogen-based green fuels and green chemicals using the LUT-ESTM model,
  - **Supply costs** in the Nordics, Europe, and the global level,
  - **Competition for resources** such as biomass between regions and sectors.

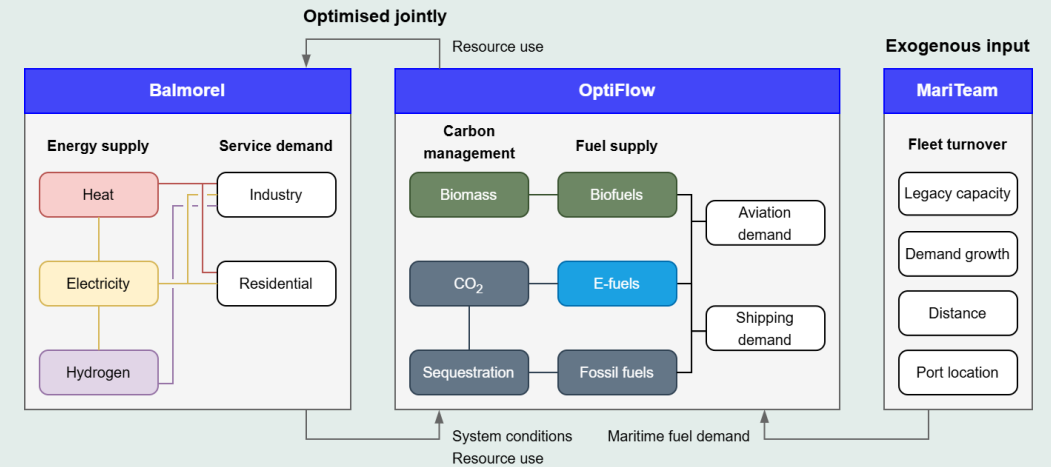


# Transition Requires Alignment

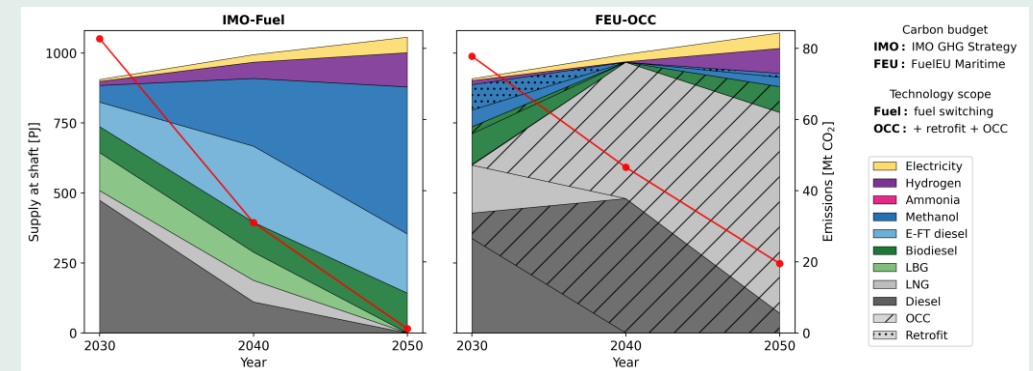
Maritime regulation requires consistent national, European and global approaches

- IMO- and FuelEU Maritime-inspired transition pathways represent contrasting approaches
  - Shipping remains largely fossil, as offsetting or onboard CCS are more attractive.
  - Strict shipping mandates are necessary for early and widespread renewable fuel switching
- Infrastructure planning must account for the long-term shipping transition.
  - Decarbonising the sector entails **large, irreversible investments** impacting the energy system.
  - Lower deployment** in shipping results in approximately **50% less hydrogen production** and **30% less hydrogen transmission** in the Nordic region.
- Fuel and technology mix remains diverse across different ship segments.
  - Electrification** of short-distance routes.
  - Synthetic or bio-fuels** for long-distance vessels.
  - Shipping segments and distances in between show scenario-dependent fuel shares.

## Integrated modelling setup



## Nordic maritime fuel mix across pathways



# Cost Reduction Alone Won't Deliver

Results highlight trade-offs between flexibility, grid use, and renewable supply

## Carbon Pricing Alone is Insufficient

- Cost-optimal operation can exceed fossil emission levels
- Required carbon prices (~300–450 €/t CO<sub>2</sub>) exceed projected levels.
- Need for additional mechanisms** such as fuel mandates, quotas.

## Electricity, Carbon Intensity & CO<sub>2</sub> Access are Critical

- Policies should **prioritise low-cost renewables, clean power supply, and carbon sourcing**, leveraging regional advantages in the Nordic region.
- Renewable-only systems ensure low emissions but significantly increase costs

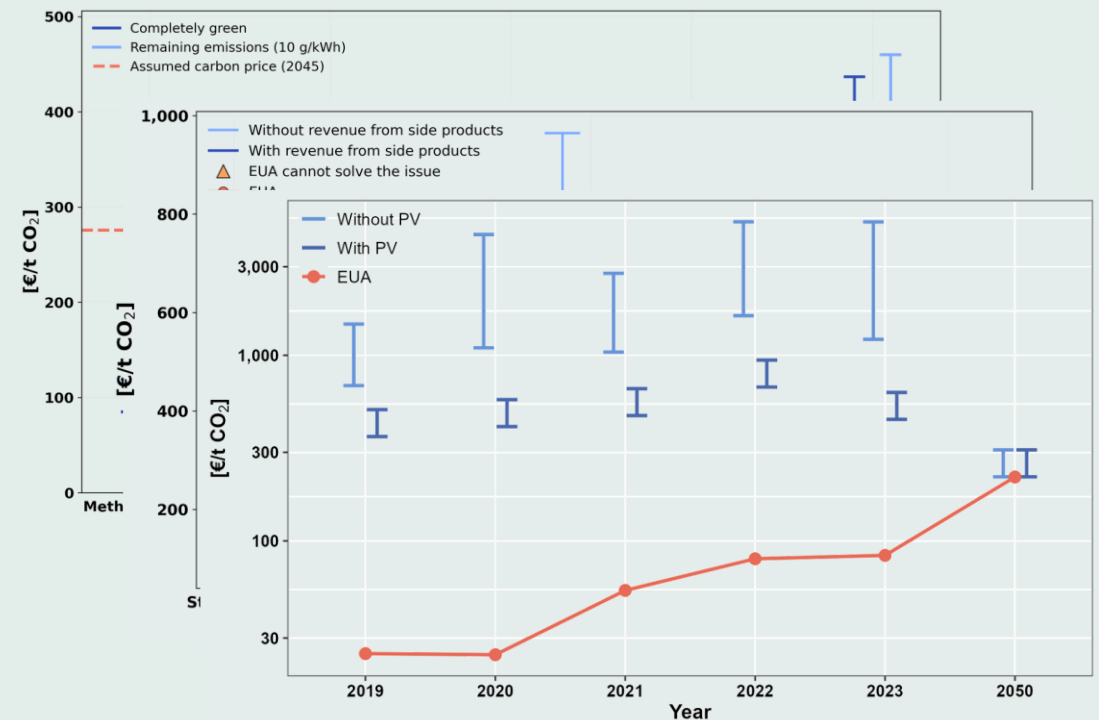
## Integrated Energy Hubs Enable Scale

- Flexibility lowers costs but increases grid reliance**, limiting emission reductions
- System integration reduces costs and improve performance. Supporting energy hubs, infrastructure, and cross-sector coupling is key to scaling hydrogen-based fuels.

## Green fuel production is currently not viable

- Costs remain high but decline over time
- Renewable fuel production needs **financial support** and technological advancements to become economically viable.
- Renewable fuel quotas** can help make green fuels competitive.

## Carbon pricing and power mix impact the sustainability



# Markets Don't Emerge

Regulation shapes the development, structure, and competitiveness of fuel markets

- Fuel characteristics (H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, e-methanol) drive costs, infrastructure, and market structure
- Lessons from natural gas highlight the importance of early and consistent market design
- The structure of the market depends on which fuels are predominant and how and where they are produced, stored, and transported
- Regulatory instruments are critical to enable market development
  - Contracts,
  - Third-party access to infrastructure,
  - Taxonomy, etc.
- Implement fuel-agnostic rules now; delay fuel-specific regulation

## (B) Collection of microgrids



# Thank you.



Scientific Partners



Industrial Partners



Observers



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This project is part of the  
**Nordic Hydrogen Valleys  
as Energy Hubs Programme**

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**Nordic Energy  
Research**



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