



# Smart Transmission Grids Operation and Control

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STRONgrid Smart Transmission Grids Operation and Control KTH - NTNU - AALTO - DTU - UI - TUT - FEI





**NTNU – Trondheim** Norwegian University of Science and Technology

### Project partners









Sustainable Energy Systems 2050 NORDIC ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAMME





- Project objectives, drivers, ambitions and overview
- Nordic collaboration through common research platform
- Examples on application developments





### Smart Transmission Grids Operation and Control



### A project funded by



Sustainable Energy Systems 2050 NORDIC ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAMME



Nordic Energy Research

And co-funded by Nordic TSOs and DSOs

### Objectives:

- Support the development of better tools for operation and control of power grids
- Create innovative *applications* that will enable more reliable operation and control of the Nordic power grid and with better information about security margins.
- Develop a *research platform* and software interfaces (software and hardware) for application prototyping and testing
- Identify technology gaps and limitations that need to be addressed in the future as an input to roadmaps for smart grid and integration of renewable energies.

## More extremes!



- Trends:
  - Faster and larger changes in operation
  - More variability and uncertainty
  - ➤ Less predictability → Less time to take decisions
- Operators need new tools!
  - More real-time information, higher resolution and synchronised measurements
  - Need for more automatic control
- New technology is available
  - New possibilities..









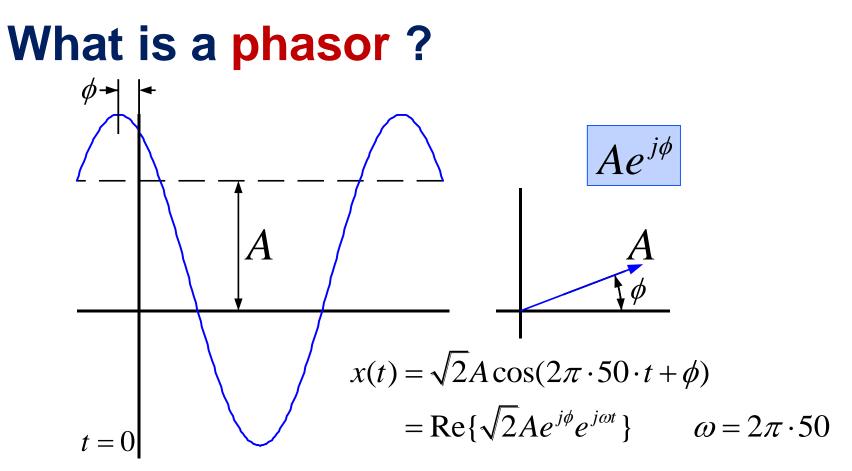
 Create innovative *applications* that will enable operation and control of the Nordic power grid more reliably and with better information about security margins.

### > Emphasis on PMU/WAMS as an enabler of Smart Grids

- Develop a *research platform* comprised by a power systems emulator (software and hardware labs), PMUs, PDCs and specialized software.
  - Create a "Nordic University Cluster"
- Develop a set of *software interfaces* allowing PMU-data application development, and implementation.



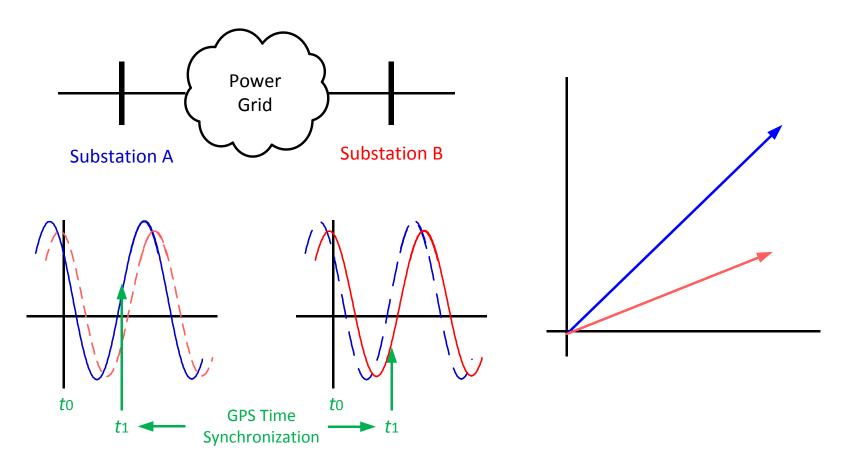




Phasor representation of a sinusoidal wave form

- The starting time defines the phase angle of the phasor.
- This is arbitrary.
- However, differences between phase angles are independent of starting time.

# **Synchronized Phasor Measurements**

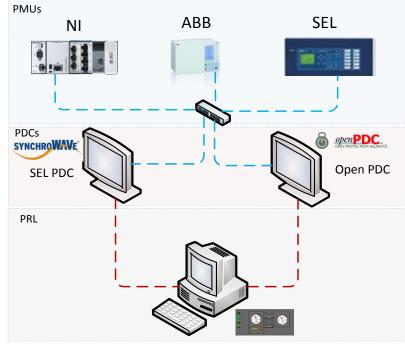


By synchronizing the sampling processes for different signals – which may be hundred of miles apart, it is possible to put their phasors on the same phasor diagram.

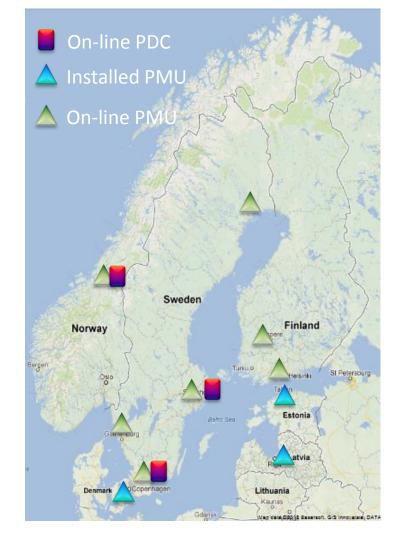
Source: Phadke

### *Research Platform:* Low voltage PMU Network

 PMUs are connected at the LV networks in our laboratories







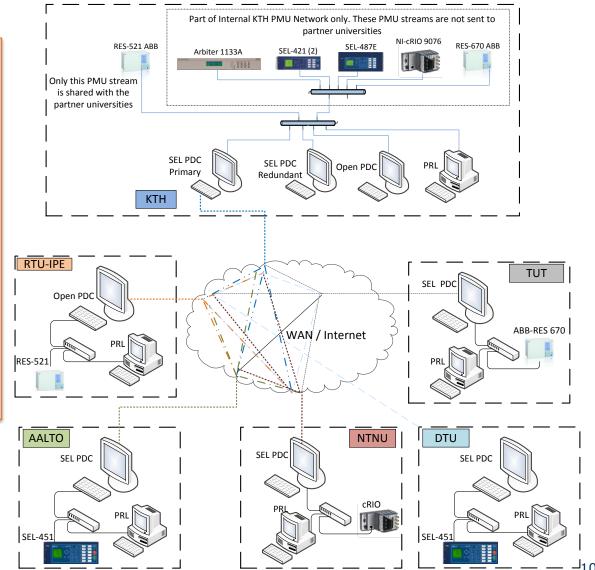
# **Research platform**:

### Distributed P2P Data Sharing for real-time PMU Data Exchange



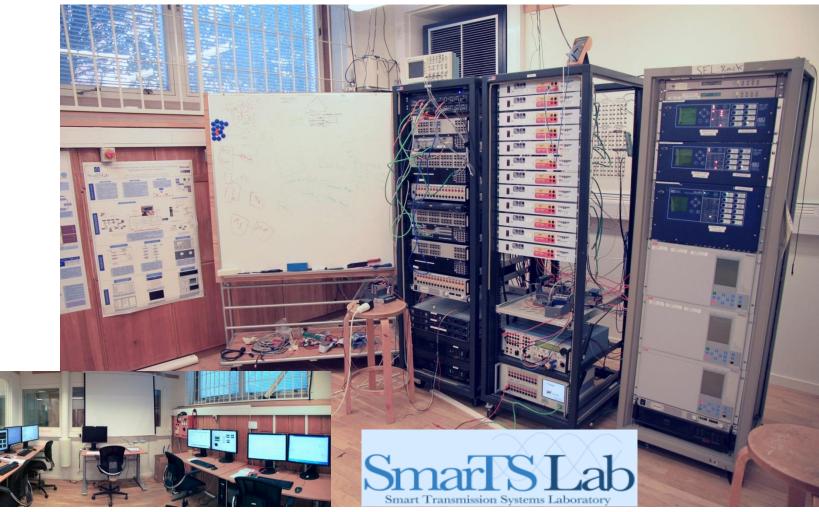
KTH - NTNU - AALTO - DTU - UI

- Each University (PMUs, PDC) exchanges an Output Stream" with each other university.
- PDCs installed locally allow data archiving and real-time access for all partners.
- Avoids SuperPDC, thus eliminates a single point of failure



# **Test-bench:**

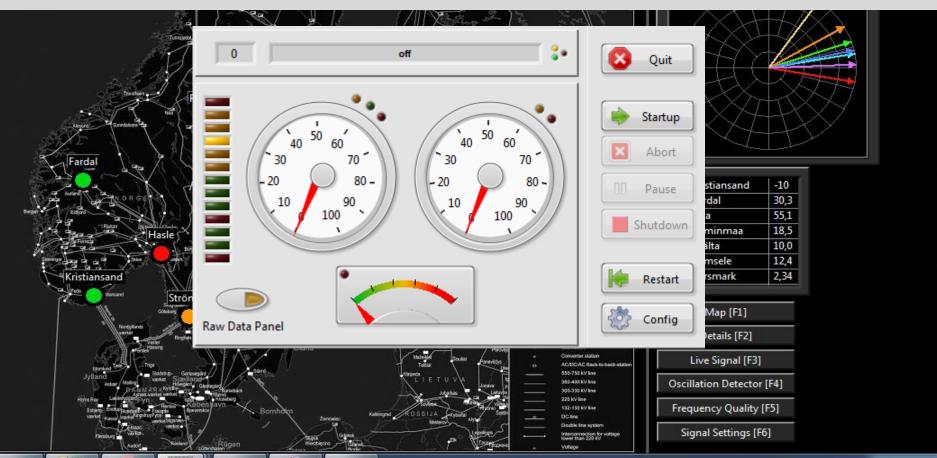
### New WAMPAC software applications Development and Testing

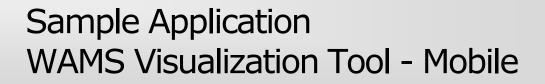




# S<sup>3</sup>DK: Synchrophasor Software Dev Toolkit

- Real-Time Data Mediator: Low level implementation of the IEEE C37.118.2 Standard
- **PMU Recorder Light:** Graphic interface to the mediator developed in LabView and a Toolbox with LabView Functions for App prototyping







• Portable Monitoring Applications

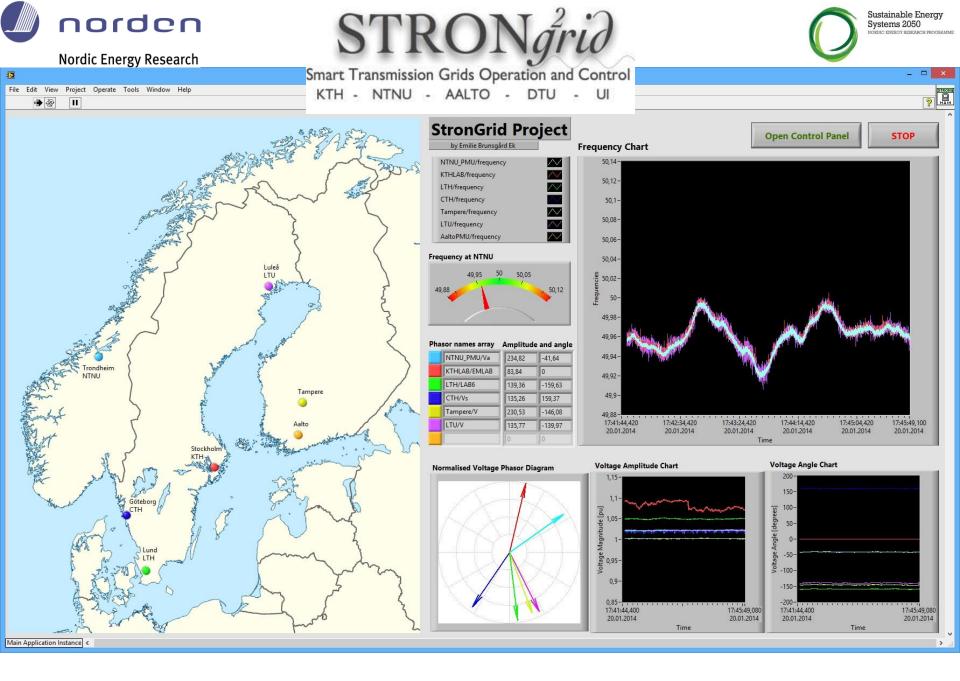


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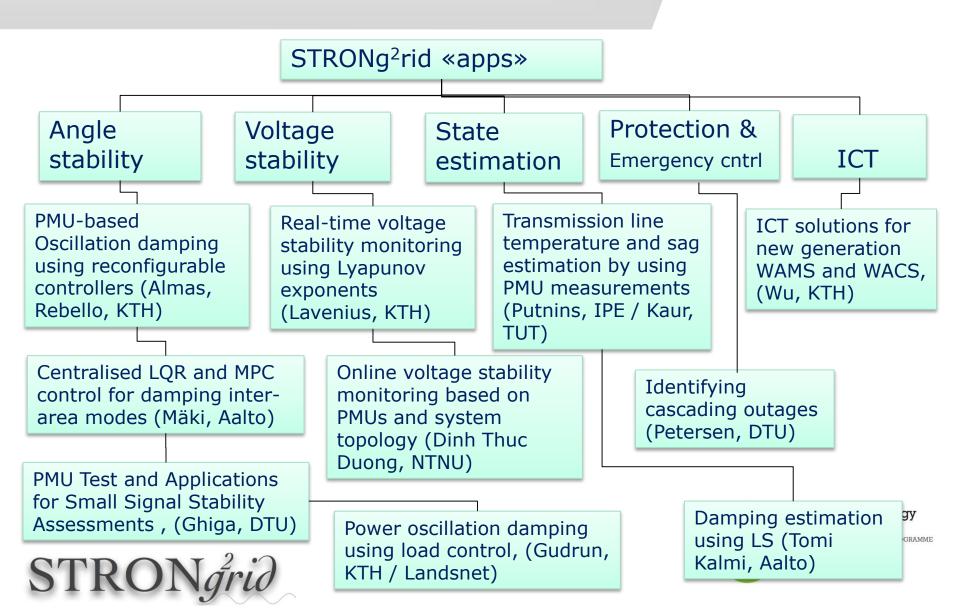


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### Application developments





### Collaboration

Nordic Energy Research

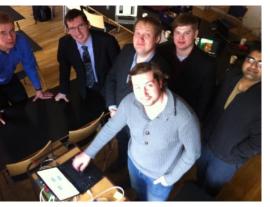
Collaboration with Partner Universities A. 8 Educational Courses (2 on SmarTS-Lab, 2 on Labview Modules, 4 from International Faculty)

B. Several combined publications

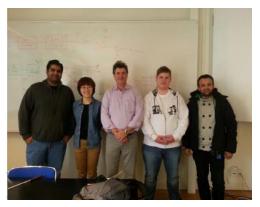
STRO



SmarTS-Lab Training Program (Sept 23-October 04, 2013)



TuT-KTH collaboration (PMU compliance Testing)



Power System Dynamics and Control (Professor Taranto) 22-26 April 2013



3-day course on renewable energy integration, 2014

# Concluding remarks



- A "Nordic University Cluster" has been established
- New competence have been gained at the Universities and at the TSOs through research, PhD education, courses and dissemination activities
- Increased awareness at the TSOs about the possibilities of utilizing PMU technology in operation and control.
  - TSOs are starting deployment and pilot installations
- STRONG motivation to continue the R&D collaboration at the Nordic/Baltic level

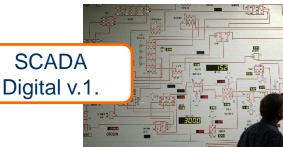




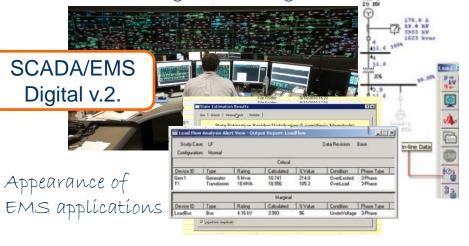
### **Evolution of the Control Room**



#### From analog to digital



#### From digital to digital





#### SCADA/EMS+ PMU

starts being used in control rooms for monitoring displays & alarming (2002 – 2014)

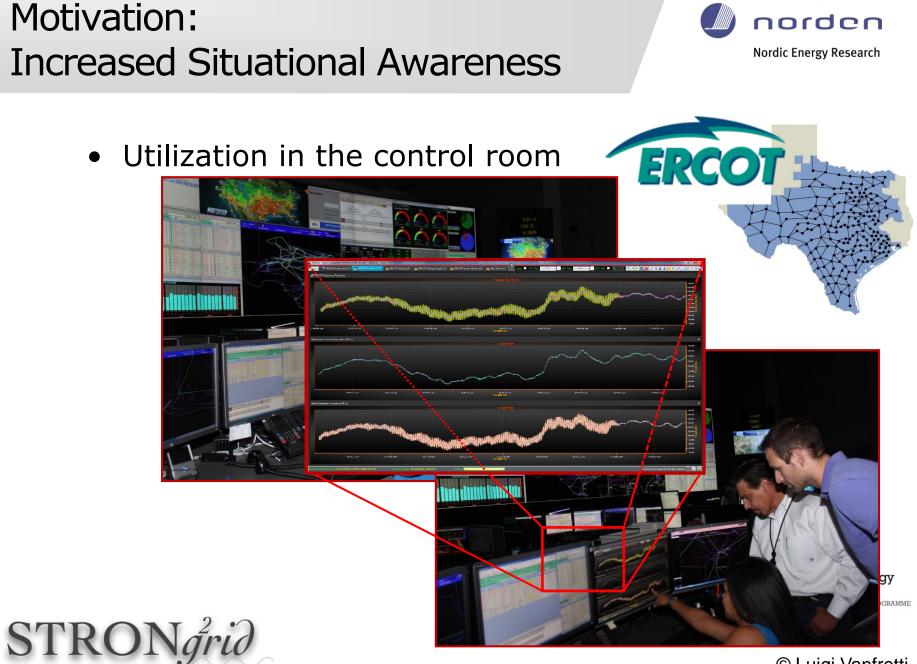
Today: SCADA/EMS+ PMU + PMU Applications for Monitoring a few Specific Conditions → WAMS



#### The Future?



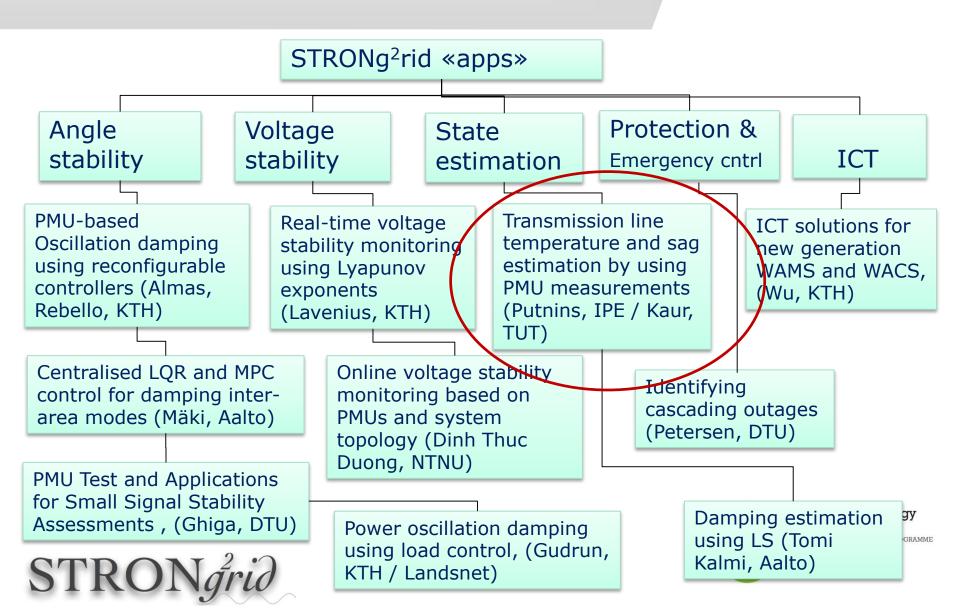
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### Application developments





### IPE research topics and results

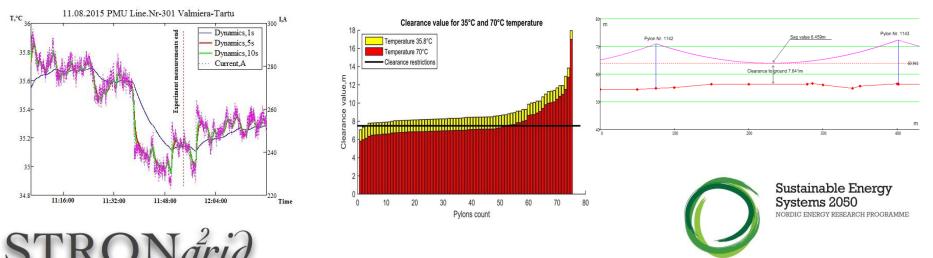


Tsirguliin

atvia

Valmiera

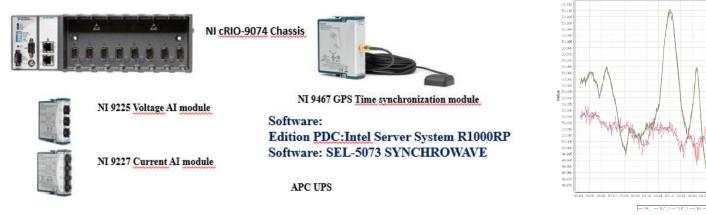
- The objective of IPE task was PMU application for transmission line temperature, sag and clearance parameter estimation.
- Algorithm for sag and clearance in overhead power lines calculation was proposed and tested in real-time conditions with focus on thermodynamics and line mechanics behaviours.
- This research will contribute to real-time operation performance, then exact line sag and clearance calculation will increase potential maximal transmission power capability, namely total transfer capacity (TTC) corridor's and cross-border trade.



### IPE research topics and results



• In frame of the project in IPE was established PMU lab



For data visualization open platform <a href="http://www.sqldashboards.com/sqlchart">http://www.sqldashboards.com/sqlchart</a> was used.

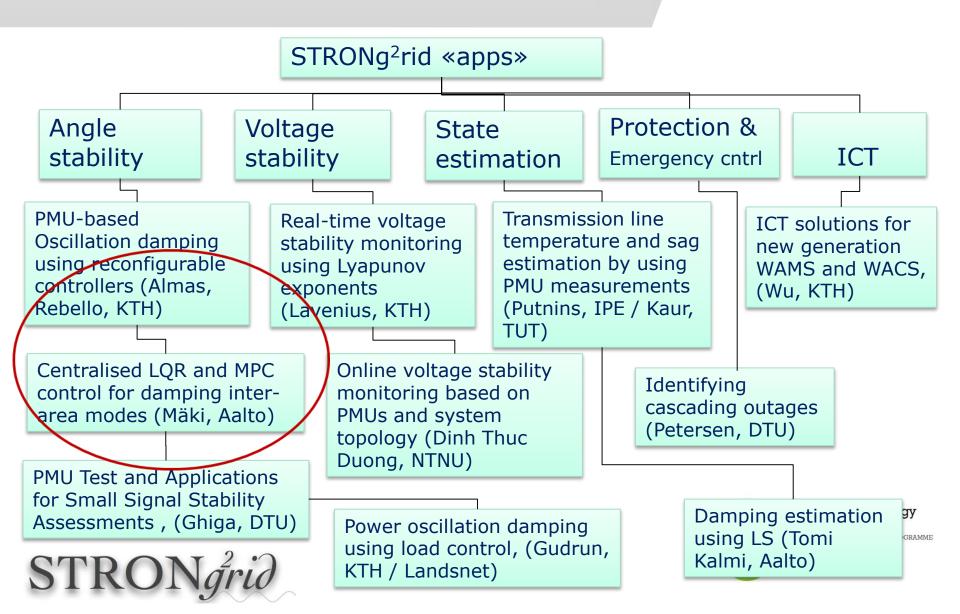
- journal publication, 2 conference publications
- Meeting & workshop in IPE, Riga

# STRONg<sup>2</sup>rid



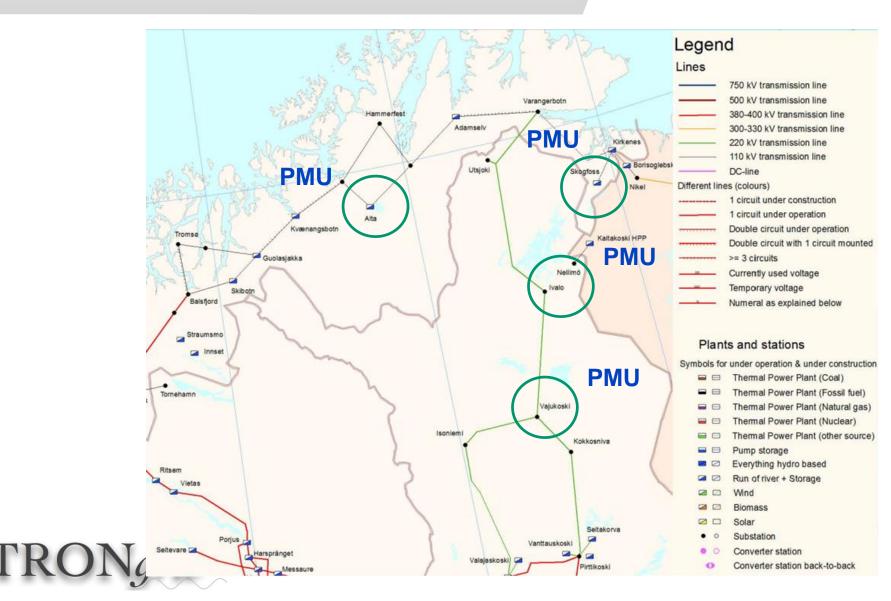
### Application developments





### North Norway and North Finland transmission system

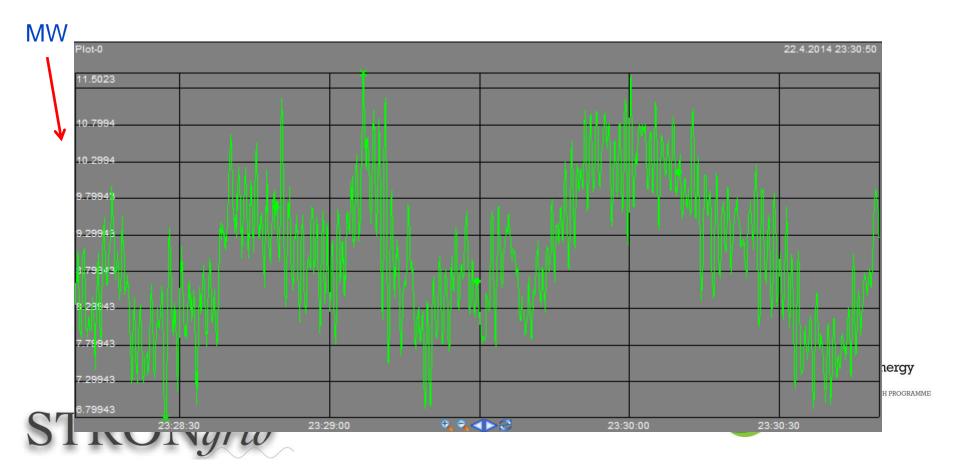




How to monitor frequency and damping of power oscillations based on PMU measurements?

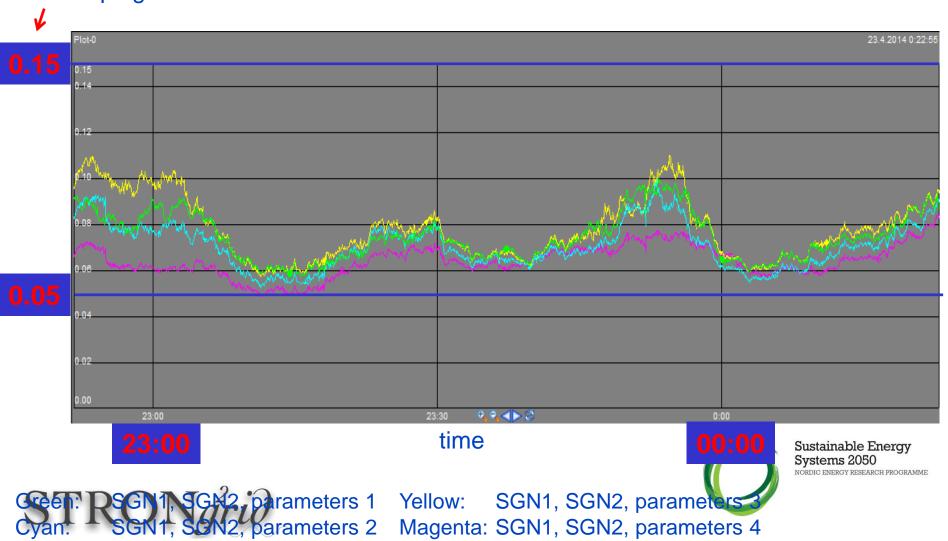


• Ambient data / normal oscillations



### Multivariate method (MAR)

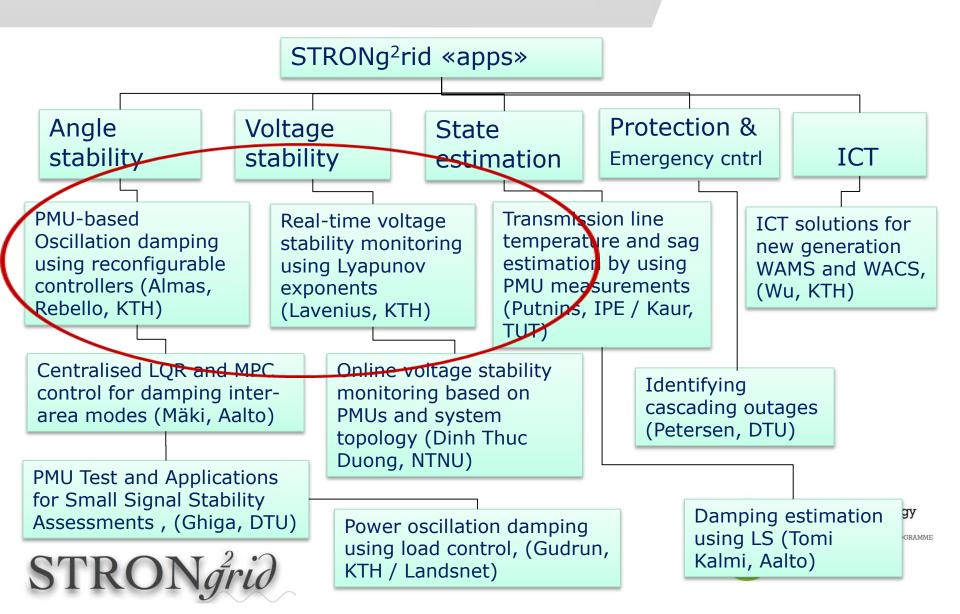




#### damping ratio

### Application developments





# **Application developments**

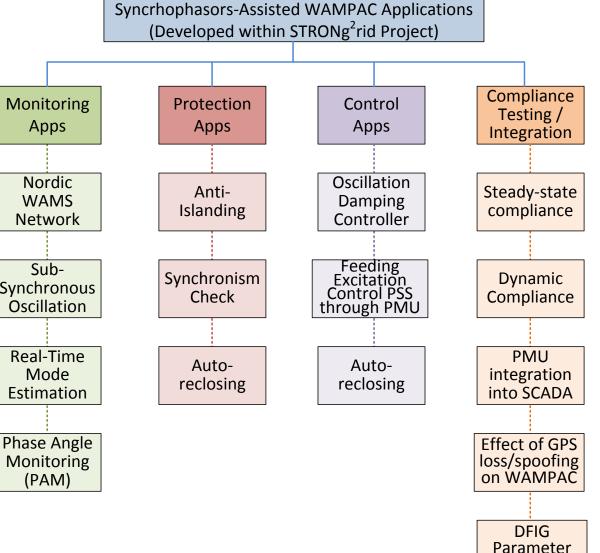


Estimation

Large number of PMU-Monitoring Protection Apps Apps assisted WAMPAC applications have been Nordic Antideveloped within the WAMS Islanding Network STRONg<sup>2</sup>rid project. Sub-All these applications Synchronism **Synchronous** Check have been tested Oscillation **Real-Time** using Real-Time Auto-

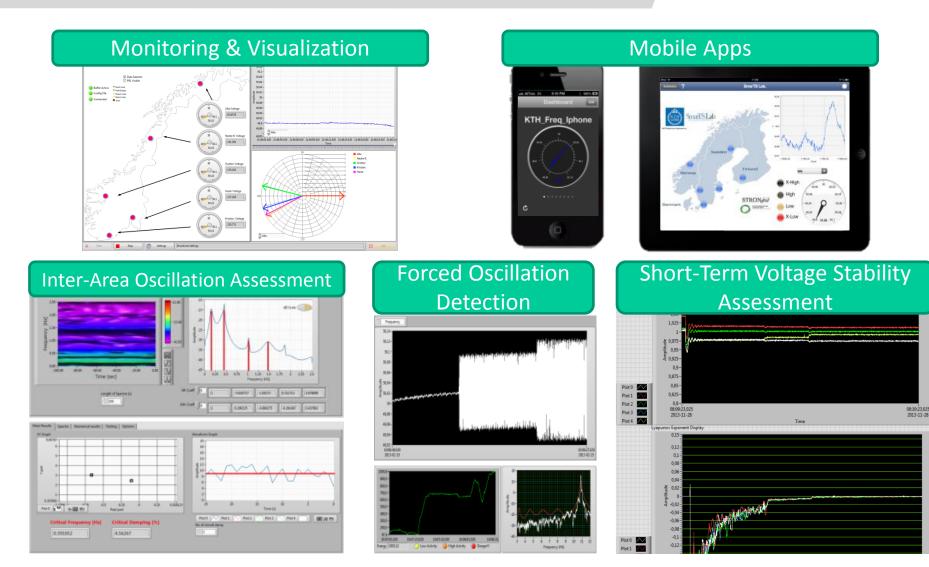
Hardware-in-the-loop (RT-HIL) facility at SmarTS-Lab

STRON



### Apps developed in collaboration with KTH

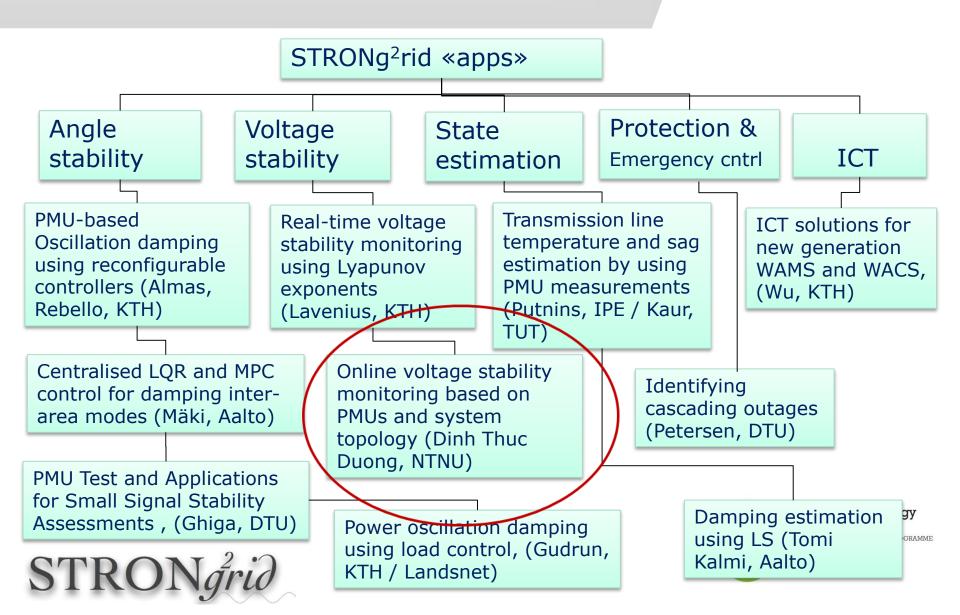




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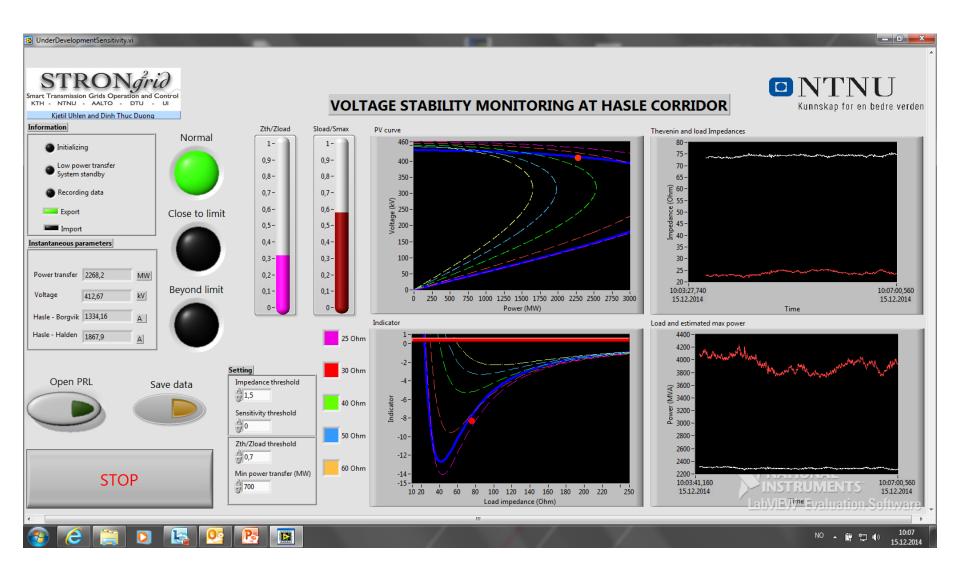
### Application developments





### Apps developed in collaboration with NTNU



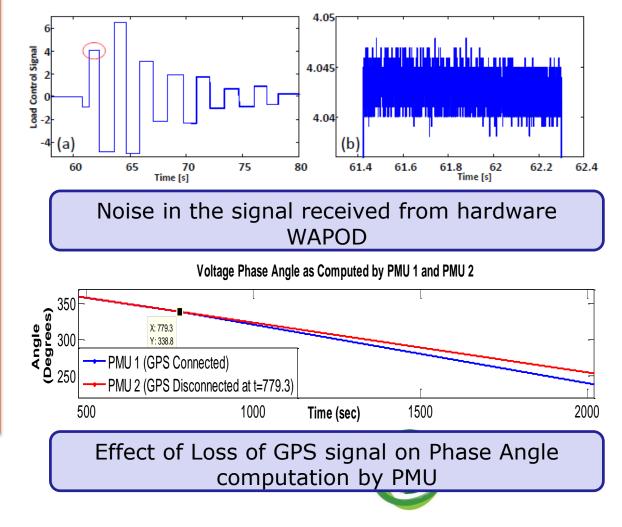


# Major Challenges while developing WAMPAC applications

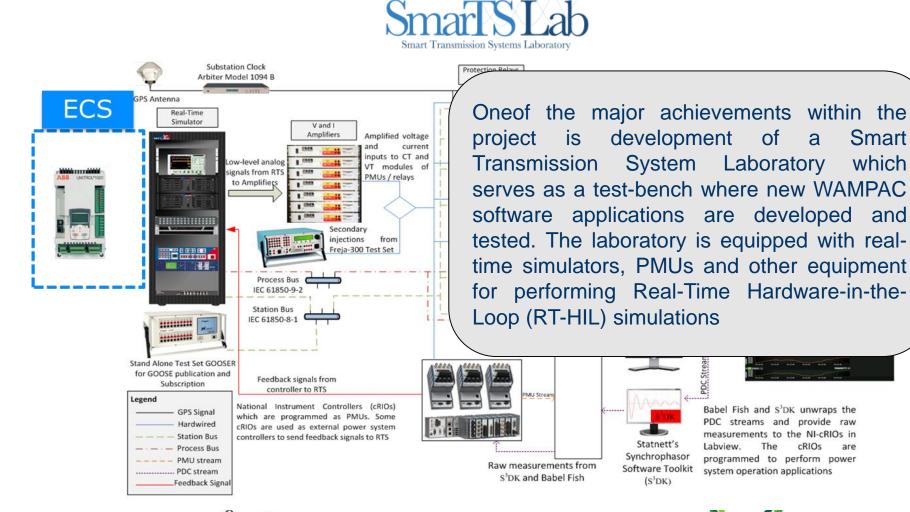


PMU-assisted WAMPAC applications are affected by:

- Communication latency
- Loss of data / bad data
- GPS vulnerability (Jamming/Spoofing Attack)
- Measurement noise due to hardware PMUs
- Signal scaling which affects overall SNR



### **Test-bench:** New WAMPAC software applications Development and Testing



norden

Nordic Energy Research