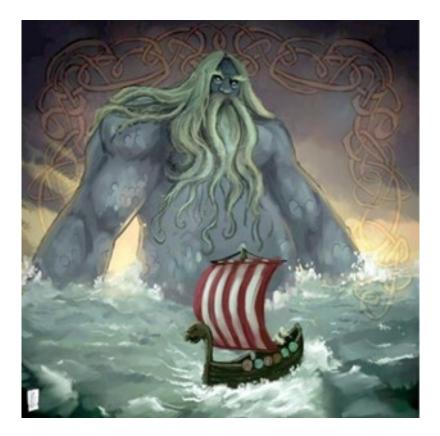
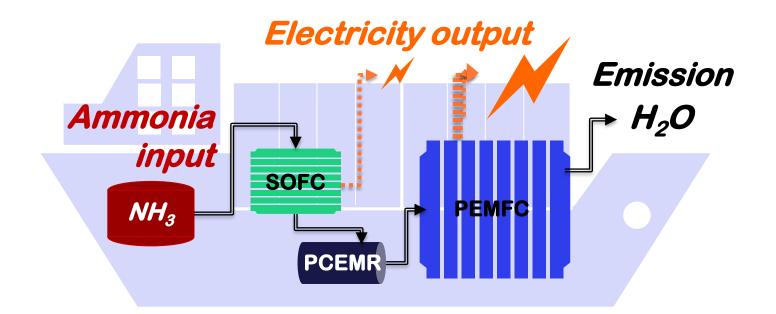


# AEGIR – Project overview



# **AEGIR – Overall project**

• Ammonia electric marine power for GHG emission reduction





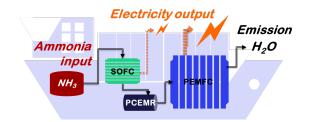
### **AEGIR - Partners**

Partner	Country	DTU
DTU-Technical University of Denmark	DK	DTU
Ballard Power Systems Europe A/S	DK	BALLARD
SINTEF	Ν	() SINTEF
CoorsTEK	Ν	
Vard	Ν	CoorsTek.
VTT	F	a <b>Fincantieri</b> company





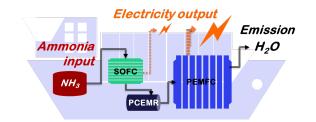
### **AEGIR - Objectives**



- Establish a design concept for a fully electric ammonia-fueled ship powertrain without CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions and having a tank-to-electricity **efficiency** >60%
- Demonstrate a reduction of GHG emissions >90% compared to current SoA LNG fueled marine engines in a well-to-tank (including emissions from electricity production and ammonia synthesis and logistics) and tank-to-propeller (including the use of the fuel onboard) analysis
- Experimentally validate the three key enabling technologies for the integrated concept aiming at:
  - a degradation rate below 0.3%/1000 h to enable 40000 h lifetime of the SOFC system at >95% ammonia conversion,
  - a hydrogen output from the PCEMR fulfilling the ISO 14687 specifications in terms of NH<sub>3</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> concentration, and
  - a degradation rate below 0.3%/1000 h to enable 40000 h lifetime of the PEMFC system using the hydrogen purity specifications from the PCEMR.
- Identify potential scale up issues for 20 MW maritime system in a concept study.



## **AEGIR - Activities**



- Design concept of the main system for using NH<sub>3</sub> in marine applications building on integrating the three technologies SOFC, PCEMR, and PEMFC
- GHG emission reduction analysis
- Experimental validation of the three key technologies under the conditions defined in the system layout
- Concept study on scale up issues for large marine vessels requiring electrical power in the range of ca. 20 MW



### Aegir – WP structure

